

Robot Vision

 Découverte

Dans Thonny, installer `TensorFlow v2.12.1` `Opencv-python`

```
1
2 import cv2
3 import numpy as np
4 import pygame
5 from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
6 from random import randint
7
8 # 1. Charger le modèle et les labels
9 # Load the model
10 model = load_model("keras_Model.h5", compile=False)
11
12 # Load the labels
13 raw_class_names = open("labels.txt", "r").readlines()
14 class_names=[]
15 for name in raw_class_names:
16     strip = name.strip()
17     print (f"[{strip}]")
18     class_names.append(strip)
19
20 # 2. Initialisation de la webcam OpenCV
21 camera = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
22 if not camera.isOpened():
23     raise RuntimeError("Impossible d'ouvrir la webcam")
24
25 # 3. Initialisation de PyGame
26 pygame.init()
27 SCREEN_WIDTH, SCREEN_HEIGHT = 640, 480
28 screen = pygame.display.set_mode((SCREEN_WIDTH, SCREEN_HEIGHT))
29 pygame.display.set_caption("Contrôle par IA (seuil de confiance > 90%)")
30 clock = pygame.time.Clock()
31
32 # 4. Définition du personnage
33 player_size = 40
34 player_color = (255, 0, 0) # rouge
35 player = pygame.Rect(
36     (SCREEN_WIDTH - player_size) // 2,
37     (SCREEN_HEIGHT - player_size) // 2,
38     player_size,
39     player_size
40 )
41 speed = 2 # pixels par frame
42
43 # Seuil minimal de confiance (90%)
44 CONFIDENCE_THRESHOLD = 0.90
45
```

```

46 def get_prediction():
47     # --- Capture et prétraitement de l'image
48     ret, frame = camera.read()
49     if not ret:
50         return None
51
52     # Resize the raw image into (224-height,224-width) pixels
53     img = cv2.resize(frame, (224, 224), interpolation=cv2.INTER_AREA)
54
55     # Make the image a numpy array and reshape it to the models input shape.
56     x = img.astype(np.float32).reshape(1, 224, 224, 3)
57
58     # Normalize the image array
59     x = (x / 127.5) - 1
60
61     # --- Prédiction
62     preds = model.predict(x)
63     idx = np.argmax(preds[0])
64     direction = class_names[idx]
65     confidence_score = preds[0][idx]
66
67     return direction, confidence_score
68
69 # 5. Boucle principale
70 running = True
71 while running:
72     # --- Gestion des événements PyGame
73     for event in pygame.event.get():
74         if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
75             running = False
76
77     direction, confidence_score = get_prediction()
78
79     # Affichage console (optionnel)
80     pct = int(confidence_score * 100)
81
82     # --- Déplacement du personnage seulement si la confiance est suffisante
83     if confidence_score > CONFIDENCE_THRESHOLD:
84         print(f"Direction [{direction}]****");
85         if direction == "0 Haut":
86             print("HAUT")
87             player.y -= speed
88         elif direction == "Bas":
89             player.y += speed
90         elif direction == "Gauche":
91             player.x -= speed
92         elif direction == "1 Droite":
93             print("DROITE")
94             player.x += speed
95     else:
96         # Confiance < 90% : on ne bouge pas (idle)
97         pass
98
99     # Empêcher le personnage de sortir de l'écran
100     player.x = max(0, min(player.x, SCREEN_WIDTH - player_size))
101     player.y = max(0, min(player.y, SCREEN_HEIGHT - player_size))

```

```
102
103     # --- Affichage PyGame
104     screen.fill((0, 0, 0))          # fond noir
105     pygame.draw.rect(screen, player_color, player)
106     pygame.display.flip()
107
108     # limiter à ~30 images par seconde
109     clock.tick(30)
110
111     # 6. Nettoyage
112     camera.release()
113     pygame.quit()
114
```